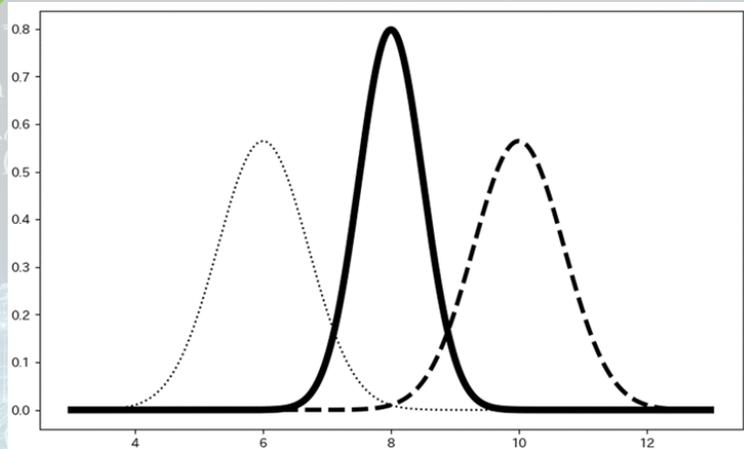


システム神経科学

ベイズ脳仮説と脳内情報処理

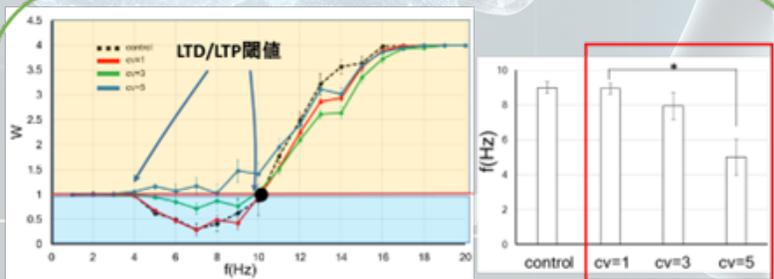


Bayesian integration:
 $\ln P(\vec{pri}|\vec{x}) = \ln P(\vec{x}|\vec{pri}) + \ln P(\vec{pri})$

$$\hat{\vec{\theta}}_{MAP} = \arg \max_{\vec{\theta}} \left\{ p(\vec{\theta}|\mathbf{x}) \right\} = \arg \max_{\vec{\theta}} \left\{ p(\mathbf{x}|\vec{\theta})p(\vec{\theta}) \right\}$$

$$\operatorname{argmin}_{\hat{q}(\mu)} F[\hat{q}(\mu)] \Leftrightarrow \operatorname{argmin}_{\hat{q}(\mu)} \left[\int d\mu \hat{q}(\mu) \ln \frac{\hat{q}(\mu)}{p(x, \mu)} \right]$$

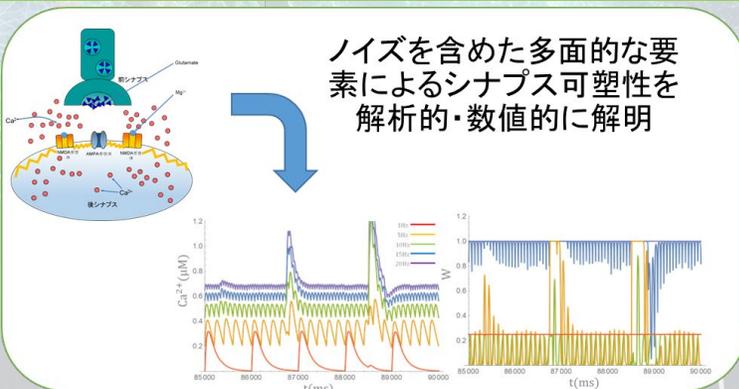
$$\Leftrightarrow \operatorname{argmax}_{\hat{\mu}} = \mu_{MAP}$$



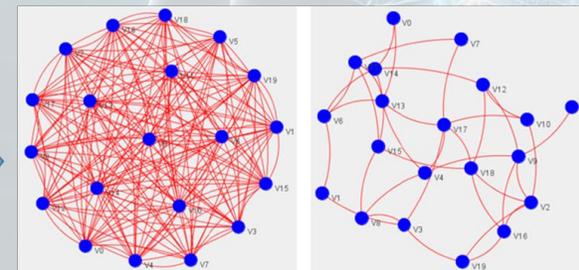
脳内ノイズとシナプス可塑性との関係

Hata, K., Araki, O., Yokoi, O., Kusakabe, T., Yamamoto, Y., Ito, S., and Nikuni, T. *Sci Rep* 10(1), 13974 (2020)

Takeda, Y., Hata, K., Yamazaki, T., Kaneko, M., Yokoi, O., Tsai, C., Umemura, K., and Nikuni, T. *Front Syst Neurosci* 15, 771661 (2021)



ノイズを含めた多面的な要素によるシナプス可塑性を解析的・数値的に解明



DOI: 10.1007/978-3-540-79003-7_15

$$\langle Ca_c(f, f_{bg}) \rangle = \tau Ca f (\zeta_0 + \zeta_1 f + \zeta_2 f_{bg} + \zeta_3 f^2 + \zeta_4 f f_{bg} + \zeta_5 f_{bg}^2)$$

$$\sum_{j=f,s} I_j \tau_j \left[1 - \exp\left(-\frac{1}{\tau_j \cdot f}\right) \right]$$

$$\langle W_c(f, f_{bg}) \rangle = \int_0^\infty dx \int_0^1 d\epsilon \delta(1-x) \Omega(Ca_c(f, f_{bg}, x, \epsilon | r_{Ca;c}, r_{j;c}))$$

